

INTRODUCTION



Consolidated Royal Charter Queen's University

	CORPORATE BODY
Preamble	To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:
	1.Whereas, the establishment of a College within the Province of Upper Canada, in North America, in connection with the Church of Scotland, for the education of youth in the principles of Christian Religion; and for their instruction in the various branches of Science and Literature, would greatly conduce to the welfare of our said Province. And whereas humble application hath been made to us by THE REVD. ROBERT McGILL, Moderator of the Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, and THE REVD. ALEXANDER GALE, Clerk of the said Synod, and the several other persons hereinafter named, to make them a Body Corporate and Politic for the purposes aforesaid and hereinafter mentioned; by granting to them our Royal Charter of Incorporation, and to permit them to use our Royal Title in the name or style thereof. Royal Charter of 1841, Paragraph 1.

A University

2. And We do further Will, Ordain and Grant, that the said College shall be deemed and taken to be an University; and that the Students in the said College shall have liberty and faculty of taking



General Powers

create, ordain, constitute, establish, confirm and declare by these presents, to be one Body Politic and Corporate in Deed and in name: And that they and their successors, by that name shall and may have perpetual succession as a College - with the style and privileges of an University, for the education and instruction of Youth and Student in Arts and faculties; and shall also have, and may use a Common Seal, with power to break, change, alter or make new the same Seal, as often as they shall judge expedient. And that they and their Successors, by the name aforesaid, shall and may forever hereafter be able, in Law and in Equity, to sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, defend and be defended, in all Courts and places whatsoever: and also to have, take, receive, purchase, acquire, hold, possess enjoy and maintain in Law, to and for the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C)]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to and for the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C)]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to and for the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C)]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to and for the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C))]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to and for the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C))]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to and for the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C))]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to another the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C))]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to another the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C))]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to another the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C))]TJ2(1) enjoy and maintain in Law, to another the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C)) enjoy and maintain in Law, to another the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2((C)) enjoy and maintain in Law, to another the 9ps((nd2 r-1(i)-2(t)-2.cbe)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2(c)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2(c)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2(c)4(s)-1(a)4(i)-2(c)4 eeafctio(s)-1(or)3(B)7[(e)4qubets w(a)4(t)-2(s)-1(oe)4(ve)4(r)3(:)-2()-10(a)4(nd t)-2o (g)10



	8. The said Corporation may, for the purpose of investment, lend money upon the security of real estate, purchase bonds, or debentures of municipal stock or railway corporations, or Dominion or Provincial stock or securities, and may sell or dispose of any such securities as to it seems advisable. S.C., 1889, c. 103, s. 8	
Powers of investment	9. The University may invest its funds in any securities in which life assurance companies are authorized by Parliament to invest. S.C., 1912, c. 138, s. 24.	

Affiliation of other institutions

10. The University may admit to affiliation any college instituted



By-Laws

15



an edifice

Successors shall have full power and authority to erect an Edifice or Edifices for the use of the said College. Royal Charter of 1841, s. 17.



	Provided always, that except as in this Act expressly provided the Council shall not be entitled to interfere in or have any control over the affairs of the University or College. S.C., 1882, c. 123, s. 9.
	31. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the University Council of Queen's University is hereby continued and shall have and exercise the lawful powers and functions held and exercised by it immediately before the coming into force of this provision.
Power to pass by laws	(2) The University Council may make by-laws from time to time, not contrary to the Royal Charter or any Act of Parliament respecting
	(a) the determination of the membership of the University Council;
	(b) the time for and the manner of election or appointment of the members of the University Council and their term of office;
	(c) the retirement and replacement of the members of the University Council, and the filling of vacancies that may occur from time to time by reason of the death, resignation, or disability of a member, or for any other cause;
	(d) the appointment and removal of a Secretary and such other officers as the University Council considers necessary and expedient;
	(e) the manner of appointment of the Chancellor of Queen's University;
	(f) the manner of election of the Rector;
	(g) the time for and the manner of election or appointment of members of the Board of Trustees by the University Council and their term of office; and
	(h) the conduct in all other particulars of the affairs of the University Council. S. C., 2011, c. s. 4.
Chancellor	32. (1) The University Council shall, in accordance with its by- laws, appoint a Chancellor of Queen's University as the highest