Iron-59 Handling Precautions

Physical Data

Principal Radiation Emissions⁽¹⁾

Ma imum Beta Energies:	0.466 MeV (53.1%)
	0.273 MeV (45.2%)
	0.131 MeV (1.4%)
Gammas:	1.292 MeV (43.2%)
	1.099 MeV (56.5%)
	0.192 MeV (3.1%)
	0.143 MeV (1.0%)

Ma imum Range of Beta in Air: 115 cm (45 in.) $^{\scriptscriptstyle (2)}$

Unshielded E $\,$ posure Rate at 1 cm from a 1 mCi Point Source: 6.18 $R/h^{\scriptscriptstyle (3)}$

Unshielded E posure Rate at 1 m from a 1 M 8 Ioint

General Handling Precautions for Iron-59

- Designate area for handling ⁵⁹Fe and clearl label all containers.
- 2. Store ⁵⁹Fe behind lead shields.
- 3 Wear e tremit and hole bod dosimeters hile handling mCi (37 MBq) quantities.
- 4 Use shielding to minimi e e posure hile handling ⁵Fe.
- 5 Do not ork over open containers.
- 6 Use tools to indirectl handle unshielded sources and potentiall contaminated vessels.
- 7 Practice routine operations to improve de terit and speed before using ⁵⁹Fe.
- 8 Prohibit eating, drinking, smoking and mouth pipetting in room here ⁵⁹Fe is handled.
- 9 Use transfer pipets, spill tra s and absorbent coverings to confine contamination.
- 10 Handle ⁵⁹Fe compounds that are potentiall volatile or in po der form in ventilated enclosures.
- 11 Sample e hausted effluent and room air b continuousl dra ing a kno n volume through membrane filters.
- 12 Wear lab coat, rist guards and gloves for secondar protection.
- 13 Maintain contamination and e posure control b regularl monitoring and promptl decontaminating gloves and surfaces.
- 14 Use end- indo Geiger-Mueller detector, NaI(Tl) detector or liquid scintillation counter to detect ⁵⁹Fe.
- 15 Submit periodic urine sample for bioassa from 4 to 24 hours after handling ⁵⁹Fe to indicate uptake b personnel.
- 16 Isolate aste in sealed, clearl labeled, shielded containers and hold for deca .

- 17 Establish surface contamination, air concentration and urinal sis action levels belo regulator limits. Investigate and correct an conditions hich ma cause these levels to be e ceeded.
- 18 On completing an operation, secure all ⁵⁹Fe; remove and dispose of protective clothing and coverings; monitor and decontaminate self and surfaces; ash hands and monitor them again.

Near an unshielded ⁵⁰Fe source, dose rates from beta radiation can be much higher than dose rates due to gamma radiation. Avoid direct e e e posure b interposing transparent shields or indirect vie ing. Avoid skin e posure b indirect handling and prompt removal of contaminated protective clothing. Urinal sis to determine uptake is onl effective during the first 24 hours after handling ⁵⁰Fe. Whole bod counting is the most sensitive method for determining ⁵⁰Fe bod burdens(6). This and fecal anal sis ma be used to determine uptake for eeks or months after handling ⁵⁰Fe.

References